DENSITY RESTRICTIONS							
NSW	VIC	QLD	WA	SA	TAS	ACT	NT
What can open?	What can open?	What can open?	What can open?	What can open?	What can open?	What can open?	What can open?
All businesses can now open and operate	Victoria is currently in lockdown and entertainment facilities and creative studios must remain closed	All businesses can now open and operate	All businesses can now open and operate	All businesses can now open and operate	All businesses can now open and operate	All businesses can now open and operate	All businesses can now open and operate
How many people can	How many people can	How many people can	How many people can	How many people can	How many people can	How many people can	How many people can
attend?	attend?	attend?	attend?	attend?	attend?	attend?	attend?
INDOOR	Victoria is currently in	INDOOR	INDOOR and OUTDOOR	INDOOR and OUTDOOR	INDOOR	INDOOR and OUTDOOR	INDOOR and OUTDOOR
The greater of: • 100% of the fixed seating capacity of the venue; or • one person per 2 square metres. Exemption requests can be submitted for events. OUTDOOR The greater of: • 100% of the fixed seating; or • one person per 2 square metres. Both indoor and outdoor events must be ticketed, and patrons must be assigned to specific seats.	lockdown and entertainment facilities and creative studios must remain closed. Livestreaming activities are not permitted. The only circumstance under which livestreaming would be allowed is if the event or performance was approved to proceed by the Chief Health Officer through the Public Event Framework.	One person per 2 square metres or 100% of seated venue capacity at ticketed events with allocated seating (e.g. stadiums, performance venues and cinemas). Venues must adhere to the approved COVID Safe Industry Plan (COVID Safe Industry Plan for Live performance, Venues/Theatres) or have their own approved COVID Safe Plan. Up to 500 people permitted at indoor events with a COVID Safe Event Checklist. Larger events with 500 to 10,000 people per day require a COVID Safe Plan.	100% of capacity for (fixed) seated entertainment. One person per 2 square metres applies to all other venues and facilities with a mixture of seating and standing, unfixed seating or standing alone. Events where a COVID Event Plan is mandatory must adhere to the COVID Event Guidelines. Major sport and entertainment venues: The fixed seating capacity of the following major stadiums is 100%: Optus Stadium HBF Park HBF Stadium	Cinemas, live theatres or live performance venues with fixed seating: • 100% of the venue's normal occupancy. • 75% of the venue's normal occupancy if masks are not worn. A gathering of more than 1,000 people are permitted if an approved COVID Management Plan is in place. OTHER Other than a cinema, live theatre or other live performance venue with fixed seating: • 3 people per 4 square metres; and • 3 people per 4 square metres in any single	100% of seating capacity (NB: for venues and events with 250 people or more indoors and 1000 people or more outdoors, they must apply to increase to 100%) In unseated areas such as the foyer, food and drink areas and bathrooms, one person per 2 square metres applies. See 'Mass Gatherings' section below for information on indoor gatherings of more than 250 people. OUTDOOR 100% of seating capacity (NB: for venues and events with 250 people or more indoors and 1000 people or more	100% capacity of each individual cinema or theatre provided their COVID Safety Plans have been endorsed by ACT Health 100% capacity for large indoor performance venues (with forward-facing and tiered seating), such as theatres and arenas, provided the events are ticketed and seated, and a COVID Safety Plan is in place for each event (otherwise 75% capacity). Enclosed outdoor venues 100% capacity for enclosed outdoor venues with permanent tiered seating and	There are no capacity restrictions. Public, ticketed events with less than 500 people: • Do not require completion of a checklist or safety plan, however physical distancing and hygiene principles should be considered and implemented. • Recommended to seek advice from the local environmental health office regarding requirements for food safety, toilet facilities, drinking water and waste management.



CONTROLLED OUTDOOR PUBLIC GATHERINGS
The lesser of: • 10,000 persons or
• one person per 2 square metres
A controlled outdoor

A controlled outdoor public gathering must not last longer than 5 hours.

UNCONTROLLED OUTDOOR PUBLIC GATHERINGS

The lesser of:

- **5,000 persons** or
- one person per 2 square metres

Indoor events with more than 10,000 people per day require approval by the Chief Health Officer.

OUTDOOR

100% seated capacity (no COVID Safe Event Checklist or COVID Safe Event Plan required).

There is no requirement to collect contact information.

People at these events must still observe physical distancing to the extent possible.

Outdoor events (music or dance festival or an event with a dance area):

Under 500 people:

- Permitted to operate without a COVID Safe Event Checklist or COVID Safe Event Plan
- People at these events must still observe physical distancing to the extent possible.

Between 500-1,499 people:

 Operate an area or areas for dancing on the basis that no RAC Arena
 room or enclosed
 area within the venue.

outdoors, they must apply to increase to 100%)

 In unseated areas such as the foyer, food and drink areas and bathrooms, one person per 2 square metres applies.

MASS GATHERINGS

Gatherings over 250 people indoors and 1,000 people outdoors may operate subject to conditions. The Framework for COVID-19 Safe Events and Activities in Tasmania outlines the requirements.

Events are classed as Level 1, 2 or 3, and different controls apply depending on the assigned level. Level 2 and 3 events require approval.

Further information about the Framework or applying for an increase in capacity can be found here. grandstands provid ed events are ticketed and seated and a COVID Safe Plan is in place for each event (this includes GIO Stadium and Manuka Oval). Density for any unfixed seating areas should be calculated using the one person per two square metre rule, up to 1,000 people.

It is mandatory for all restricted business activities to use the Check in CBR app to collect contact details.

Any gatherings over 1000 require an exemption.
Exemptions may be granted for events and gatherings for up to 10,000 people on application through the COVID Safe Event Protocol.

Public, ticketed events with more than 500 people:

- Submit a COVID-19
 Event Safety
 Plan for assessment
 two weeks prior to
 the planned event
 and receive formal
 approval from the
 Chief Health Officer
 prior to the event
 proceeding.
- Read the <u>guidelines</u> for information on what the COVID-19 Event Safety Plan should include.
- complete
 the COVID-19 Event
 Safety Plan form,
 which may require
 editing or further
 information after
 assessment before
 being submitted to
 the Chief Health
 Officer or
 authorised
 delegate for
 approval.
- Designate a person to be the <u>COVID-19</u> safety supervisor.



	more than one
	person per 2
	square metres
	dances in the dance
	area
	Collect contact
	information
	Operate in
	compliance with
	a COVID Safe Event
	<u>Checklist</u> including
	controls to manage
	crowding in dance
	areas
	Notify the local
	public health unit,
	that the event will
	be held, a minimum
	of 20 business days
	prior to the event
	taking place.
	Between 1,500-10,000
	people:
	Operate an area or
	areas for dancing
	on the basis that no
	more than one
	person per 2
	square metres dances in the dance
	area
	Collect contact
	information
	Operate in
	compliance with
	a <u>COVID Safe Event</u>
	<u>Plan</u> including
	controls to manage
	crowding in dance
	areas
l l	



	Apply for approval
	of the COVID Safe
	Event Plan to the
	local public
	health unit a
	minimum of 20
	business days prior
	to the event taking
	place via the <u>COVID</u>
	Safe Event Plan
	Submission Portal.
	Submission Fortal.
	More than 10,000
	people:
	Operate an area or
	areas for dancing
	on the basis that no
	more than one
	person per 2
	square metres
	dances in the dance
	area
	Collect contact
	information
	Operate in
	compliance with
	a <u>COVID Safe Event</u>
	Plan including
	controls to manage
	crowding in dance
	areas
	Apply for approval
	of the COVID Safe
	Event Plan to the
	Chief Health Officer
	a minimum of 20
	business days prior
	to the event taking
	place via the <u>COVID</u>
	Safe Event Plan
	Submission Portal
A	



STATE AND TERRITORY BORDER RESTRICTIONS							
NSW	VIC	QLD	WA	SA	TAS	ACT	NT
Who can enter NSW without restriction?	Who can enter Victoria without restriction?	Who can enter QLD without restriction?	Who can enter WA without restriction?	Who can enter SA without restriction?	Who can enter TAS without restriction?	Who can enter ACT without restriction?	Who can enter NT without restriction?
All states and territories except for travellers from Victoria. Find out more here .	All states and territories. Find out more <u>here</u> .	All states and territories except for travellers from Victoria. Find out more here.	All states and territories except for travellers from Victoria. Find out more here.	All states and territories except for travellers from Victoria. Find out more here.	All states and territories except for travellers from Victoria. Find out more here.	All states and territories except for travellers from Victoria. Find out more here.	All states and territories except for travellers from Victoria. Find out more here.
Can restricted travellers enter NSW with a permit? Anyone who has been in Victoria and arrives in NSW after 4:00pm (AEST) 27 May 2021 must follow the stay-athome measures that apply in Victoria. They must remain at their home or place of residence in New South Wales for the seven-day duration of the Victorian measures. Travellers must complet	Can restricted travellers enter VIC with a permit? A permit is required to enter Victoria from anywhere in Australia and may be issued depending on which Zone the traveller is entering the state. Green Zone: • must apply for a permit to enter Victoria. Orange Zone: • must apply for a	Can restricted travellers enter QLD with a permit? Travellers who have been in Victoria in the last 14 days or since 11 May 2021 (whichever is shorter) will not be allowed to enter Queensland, except for QLD residents or essential purposes. Travellers who are permitted to enter Queensland who have been in a COVID-19 hotspot in the last 14	Can restricted travellers enter WA with a permit? All travellers to Western Australia must apply online for a G2G PASS. Travellers are categorised based on where they have spent the last 14 days and whether the area is very low risk, low or medium risk. • Very low risk – ACT, NSW, NT, QLD, SA, TAS (no quarantine)	Can restricted travellers enter SA with a permit? All travellers to SA must complete a Cross Border Travel Registration. From 6:00pm (ACST) 26 May 2021, any person who has been in Greater Melbourne any time in the 14 days prior to their intended arrival (but not before Thursday 20 May 2021) is not permitted to enter South Australia.	Can restricted travellers enter TAS with a permit? All travellers to Tasmania must register online at Tas e-travel for a G2G PASS. Travellers are categorised based on where they have spent the last 14 days and whether the area is low, medium or highrisk. Low Risk – ACT, NT, QLD, WA, NSW, VIC, SA, New Zealand	Can restricted travellers enter ACT with a permit? An ACT resident leaving Victoria on or after 11:59pm (AEST) 27 May 2021 and entering the ACT needs to: • Complete an online declaration form within 24 hours prior to arriving in the ACT or within 24 hours from the commencement of the new stay at home requirements.	Can restricted travellers enter NT with a permit? Travellers entering the Northern Territory, including returning Territorians must: • fill in a Border Entry Form • complete 14 days of mandatory supervised quarantine at their own expense, if they have recently been in an active declared COVID-19 Hotspot.
e a NSW entry declaration form if they are entering NSW on or after 13 May 2021 and have been in Victoria in the previous 14 days. They must complete the declaration form: either 24 hours before they enter NSW or on entry	 must apply for a permit to enter Victoria must get a COVID-19 test within 72 hours and isolate until returning a negative result a permit will not be issued if travellers have: COVID-19 symptoms, or 	days or since 11 May 2021 (whichever is shorter) must quarantine for 14 days at government arranged accommodation. Queensland residents who have been in a COVID-19 hotspot can return home by air.	Medium risk – VIC Medium risk travellers must: not enter Western Australia without an exemption through G2G PASS. If permitted entry must:	Essential travellers and permitted arrivals (returning South Australian residents, persons relocating, and domestic violence arrivals) are permitted entry but will be subject to Level 4 restrictions: • self-quarantine for 14 days	Medium Risk: None High Risk: VIC, overseas (other than New Zealand), cruise ships Travellers who have spent time in a high-risk domestic area or premises and locations in the 14 days before arriving in Tasmania are	Travel directly to the residence where they will spend the stay-athome period. They should only leave the residence for an approved essential purpose and must wear a face mask. The stay-at-home requirement will be in place until at least	The Northern Territory Government has declared a broad geographical hotspot over the Local Government Areas of Greater Melbourne and Bendigo for the purposes for travel to the Northern Territory from 12.01am (ACST) 27 May 2021.



- whether they cross the border by any means including air, road or rail
- each time they enter NSW, but not more than once per calendar day.

If a traveller has been to a <u>place of high concern</u>, they may only enter NSW if a NSW resident.

If a traveller has been to a <u>place of high</u> <u>concern</u> (either close or casual contact) in the past 14 days, they must:

 self-isolate at home or at another suitable place until it has been 14 days since they visited the place of high concern.

Find out more here.

 have visited a red zone (unless for purpose of transit)

Red Zone:

 anyone who has been in a red zone in the last 14 days will not be allowed to enter Victoria without a <u>permitted worker</u> <u>permit</u> or exemption. Anyone who has been to an interstate exposure site must complete 14 days' quarantine, even if they receive a negative test since they were at the location.

Find out more here.

- self-quarantine at a suitable premises for 14 days. If a suitable premises is not available, travellers will be directed to a Government approved quarantine facility at their own expense
- undertake a COVID-19 test within 48 hours of arrival and on day 11 of quarantine, or at any point when symptoms develop. A mask must be worn while travelling to and from the COVID-19 Clinic
- wear a mask from when they enter
 Western Australia until they arrive at suitable selfquarantine premises or government approved quarantine facilities.

Arrivals from Victoria between 16 May 2021 and 10:00am (AWST) 27 May 2021 must:

- get a COVID-19 test within 48 hours and self-quarantine until they return a negative test result
- wear a face when presenting for testing.

- COVID-19 test on days 1, 5, and 13
- wear a mask in public.

Any person who arrived in South Australia before 6:00pm (ACST) 26 May 2021 who was in Greater Melbourne on or after Thursday 20 May 2021 is subject to Level 3 restrictions:

- self-quarantine until negative COVID-19 test result
- COVID-19 test on days 1, 5, and 13
- no entry to highrisk setting or COVID
 Management Plan events for 14 days after arrival.

Any person arriving in South Australia after 6:00pm (ACST) 26 May 2021 who has been in the City of Greater Bendigo in the previous 14 days (but not before 22 May 2021) is subject to Level 3 restrictions:

- self-quarantine until negative COVID-19 test result
- test on days 1, 5, and 13

not permitted to enter Tasmania, unless approved as an <u>Essential</u> Traveller.

Tasmanian residents who have a suitable premises to undertake 14 days' quarantine, can apply to enter Tasmania as an Essential Traveller. 14 days' quarantine will be required for residents approved to enter Tasmania. Anyone without a suitable premises will be required to undertake quarantine in government-designated accommodation.

Anyone who has spent time at any of the Victorian exposure sites at the specified dates and times should self-quarantine immediately and call the Public Health Hotline on 1800 671 738 for further advice.

11:59pm (AEST) 3 June 2021.

A non-ACT resident leaving Victoria on or after 11:59pm (AEST) 27 May 2021 and entering the ACT:

 Will not be able to enter the ACT without an approved exemption prior to arrival. Even if an exemption is approved, they will still be required to follow the stay-athome order in the ACT.

Anyone who is already in the ACT and has been in Greater Melbourne in the last 14 days:

 Must have completed an <u>online</u> declaration form.

Anyone travelling to the ACT who has left Victoria prior to 11:59pm (AEST) 27 May 2021 and has been in Greater Melbourne in the last 14 days:

Must complete
 an <u>online</u>
 <u>declaration form.</u>
 The declaration
 form must be

People arriving in the Northern Territory from these areas will need to undertake mandatory quarantine for 14 days at either the Alice Springs or Howard Springs facilities.

Any person who arrived in the Northern Territory before **00:01am (ACST) 27 May 2021** who has been to a 'Tier 1' site, must travel directly to a suitable place of quarantine and remain in that place for 14 days after the last day the person was in the 'Tier 1' site, except to submit to testing for COVID-19 (or in an emergency).

Find out more here.



			Arrivals who have visited Victorian exposure sites during relevant times must: • get tested immediately for COVID-19 and self-quarantine for 14 days from date of exposure • get tested for COVID-19 on day two and day 11 of the 14-day self-quarantine • wear a face mask when leaving self-quarantine premises to present for testing. This 14-day requirement applies irrespective of whether the exposure site is considered Tier 1 or Tier 2. Find out more here.	no entry to high risk setting or COVID Management Plan events for 14 days after arrival. Victorian residents and South Australians travelling into Victoria should comply with current Victorian stayat-home restrictions. Find out more here.		completed 24 hours prior to arrival. ACT Health has declared Greater Melbourne as a COVID-19 area of Concern. This is because of concern about undetected community transmission in this local government area. From 11:59pm (AEST) 27 May 2021, anyone who has been to the City of Whittlesea in the past 14 days must get tested and isolate until they receive a negative result. If they are also subject to a stay-at- home requirement, they also need to stay-at- home until the requirement is lifted. Find out more here.	
QUARANTINE	QUARANTINE	QUARANTINE	QUARANTINE	QUARANTINE	QUARANTINE	QUARANTINE	QUARANTINE
14-day quarantine in government arranged accommodation for people entering NSW from overseas (other than New Zealand). Who pays for hotel quarantine? The traveller pays:	14-day quarantine in government arranged accommodation for anyone travelling to Victoria from overseas. COVID-19 test on day 3 and day 11. If day 11 test is refused, 10 extra days of quarantine.	14-day quarantine in a government arranged accommodation for anyone, including Queensland residents returning to Queensland from a hotspot or from overseas. Exemptions from hotel quarantine can be	Very low risk: No quarantine. Low risk: 14 day self-quarantine; present for COVID-19 test on day 11. Medium Risk: If granted an exemption to enter 14-day self- quarantine, present for	High Community Transmission Zones: 14- day self-quarantine commencing on the last day in the High Community Transmission Zone; COVID-19 test within 24 hours; on day 5; and on day 12.	Low Risk Travellers Register their travel online at Tas e-travel at least 3 days before arrival. No quarantine. Medium Risk Travellers Register travel online at Tas e-travel at least 3 days before arrival. Submit intended 14-day	14-day mandatory quarantine for: People who have been in a COVID-affected area as defined in a Public Health Direction All international arrivals on government facilitated flights must	14-days of mandatory supervised quarantine, for people who have been in an active declared COVID-19 hotspot in the last 14 days before arrival. Who pays for hotel quarantine? The traveller pays.



•	Individual - \$3,000
•	Additional adults -
	\$1,000
•	children under 18 -
	\$500
•	child under 3 years -
	free

Who pays for hotel quarantine?

The traveller pays:

- Individual \$3,000
- Additional adults -\$1,000
- children under 18 -\$500
- child under 3 years free

applied for but are rarely granted.

Who pays for hotel quarantine?

The traveller <u>pays</u>:

- Individual \$2,800
- 2 adults \$3,710
- 2 adults, 2 children -\$4,620

COVID-19 test within 48 hours and on day 11; wear a face covering until arrival at self - quarantine or government quarantine facility.

Who pays for hotel quarantine?

If a traveller is assessed as requiring hotel quarantine, the traveller pays:

- Individual \$2,520
- Couple \$3,360
- Additional person -\$60 per day

Find out more <u>here</u>.

International:

Mandatory supervised hotel quarantine in a medi-hotel for 14 full days and nights.

Who pays for hotel quarantine?

The traveller pays:

- Individual \$3,000
- Additional adults -\$1,000
- children under 18 -\$500
- child under 3 years free

Find out more <u>here</u>.

quarantine location via the G2G Pass system.

High Risk Travellers
If an Essential Traveller:
Register travel online at
Tas e-travel at least 3
days before arrival.
Register via the G2G
Pass system at least 3
days before arrival.
14 days quarantine in
government-designated

Who pays for hotel quarantine?

accommodation.

The traveller pays:

- Individual \$2,800
- Couple \$3,800
- Family (2 adults, 1 child) \$4,300
- Family (2 adults, 2 or more children) -\$4,800

Find out more here.

undertake mandatory hotel quarantine

• Close contact with a confirmed case of COVID-19.

People who have been working, studying or living in a setting where a confirmed COVID-19 case or outbreak is detected may be asked to quarantine while ACT Health determines whether they are a close contact.

Who pays for hotel quarantine?

The traveller pays:

- Individual \$3,000
- Additional adults -\$1,000
- children aged over 3 years - \$500
- child under 3 years free

- Individual \$2,500
- Family \$5,000

Additional 10 days (if required)

- Individual \$1,750
- Family \$3,500

Exemptions may apply under strict criteria.

